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SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED
BY RESOLUTION 661 (1990) CONCERNING
THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT

NOTE VERBALE DATED 15 JANUARY 1991 FROM THE CHARGE D'AFFAIRES A.I.
OF THE PERMANENT MISSION OF BRUNEI DARUSSALAM TO THE UNITED NATIONS
ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

The Chargé d'affaires a.i. of Brunei Darussalam to the United Nations presents his compliments to the Secretary-General and, with reference to the latter's note of 8 October 1990, has the honour to submit the response of the Government of Brunei Darussalam to the questionnaire relating to the implementation of Security Council resolution 661 (1990).

Annex

Implementation of resolution 661 (1990); a questionnaire concerning national measures

Question 1. Legislature framework

The legislative basis upon which Brunei Darussalam has taken measures to implement Security Council resolution 661 (1990) is contained in various statements of Brunei Darussalam which were made at the ministerial level in support of United Nations Security Council efforts to end the Gulf crisis. Although economic and trade relations between Brunei Darussalam and the two countries concerned, namely Iraq and Kuwait, are very insignificant, the relevant ministries and agencies of Brunei Darussalam have been informed of such a support in order that measures could be taken to implement resolution 661 (1990).

Question 2. Control of imports or activities which would promote or are calculated to promote imports or transshipment of goods from Iraq and Kuwait

(a) The authority responsible for implementing the control of imports or activities as required by Security Council resolution 661 (1990) is the Royal Customs and Excise Department, Ministry of Finance, Brunei Darussalam.

(b) The Royal Customs and Excise Department, Ministry of Finance of Brunei Darussalam, has issued a memorandum in accordance with chapter 28 of Brunei Darussalam's Customs Act 1954 in order to support and to prevent breaches of Security Council resolution 661 (1990).

Question 3. Control of exports or activities which would promote or are calculated to promote sales or supply of products and commodities to Iraq and Kuwait

(a) The authority responsible for implementing the control of exports or activities as required by Security Council resolution 661 (1990) is also the Royal Customs and Excise Department, Ministry of Finance, Brunei Darussalam.

(b) The Royal Customs and Excise Department, Ministry of Finance, has issued a memorandum in accordance with chapter 28 of the Customs Act 1954 in order to support and prevent breaches of Security Council resolution 661 (1990).

Question 4. Control of financial or economic resources

(a) The Currency Board of the Ministry of Finance, Brunei Darussalam, will monitor and prevent any transfers of financial or economic resources as covered by Security Council resolution 661 (1990). In this context, the Ministry of Finance has assured that all banks in Brunei Darussalam have no financial arrangements with both Iraq and Kuwait.

(b) The Ministry of Finance of Brunei Darussalam had made specific instructions to all the banks in Brunei Darussalam with the aim to prevent unauthorized movements of funds or economic resources in contravention of Security Council resolution 661 (1990).

Question 5. Enforcement

For any breaches of Security Council resolution 661 (1990), the types of enforcement would be in accordance with the existing laws of Brunei Darussalam.

Question 6. Other

As Brunei Darussalam's economic and trade relations with Iraq and Kuwait are very insignificant, the application of the sanctions has not posed problems to Brunei Darussalam.